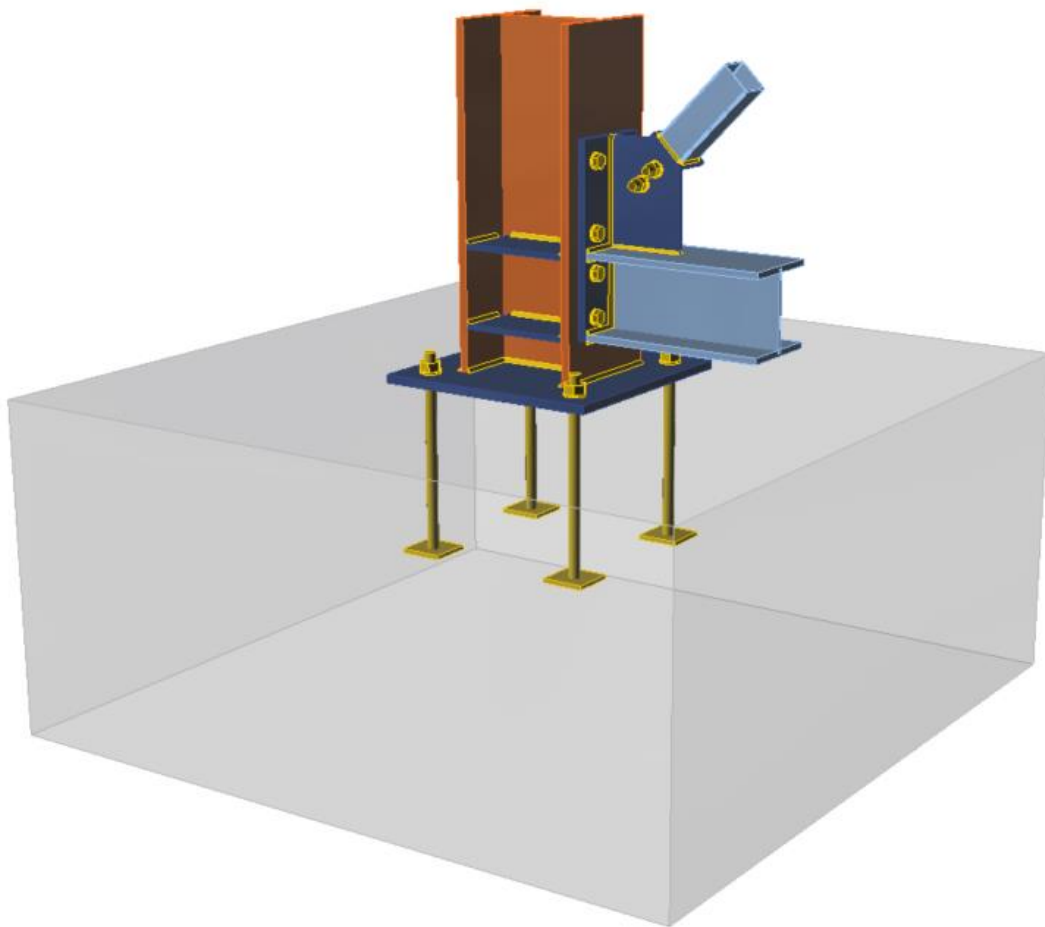


IDEA StatiCa Steel - Tutorial

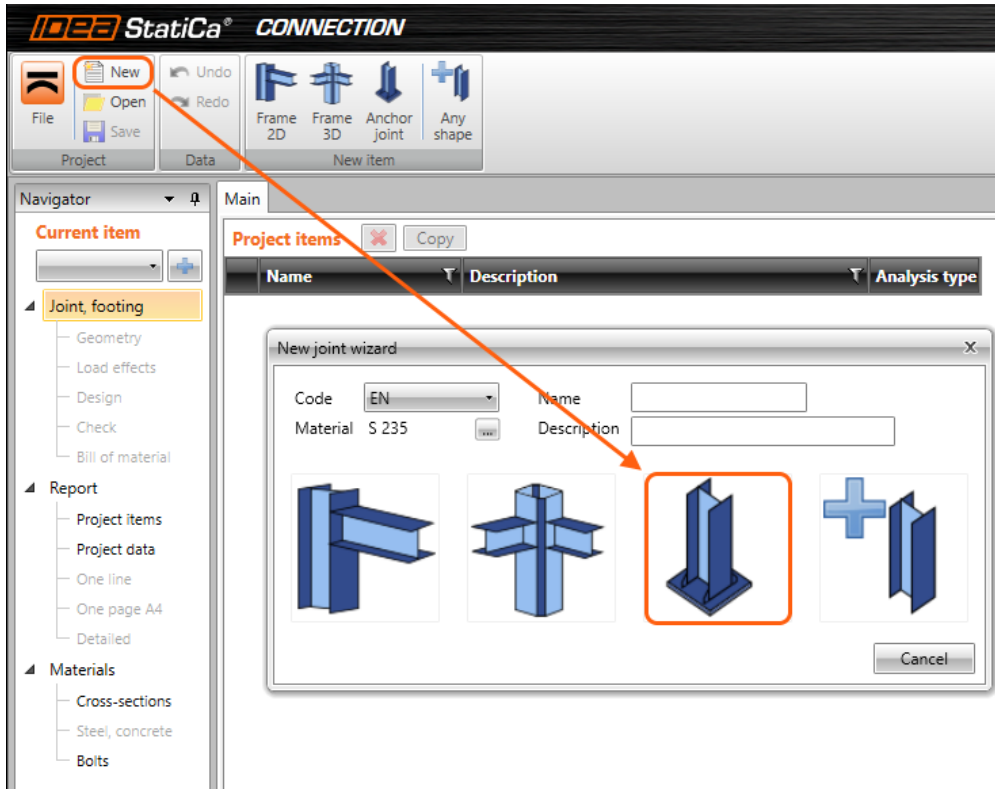


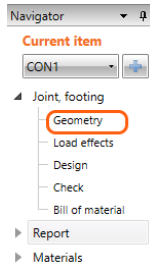
Design of footing with a diagonal

This tutorial will show how to use software IDEA StatiCa to model, design and check a structural steel joint, example being footing with a diagonal.

New project

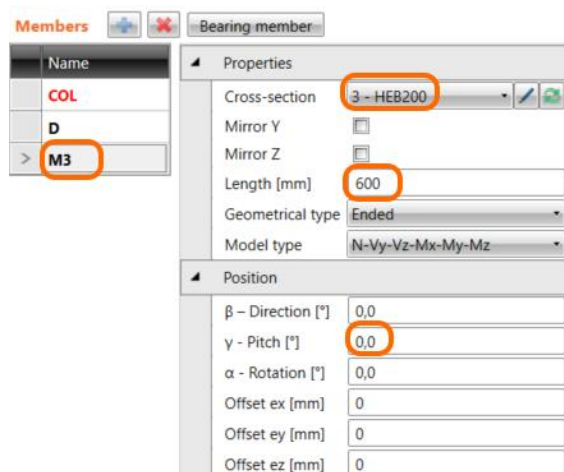
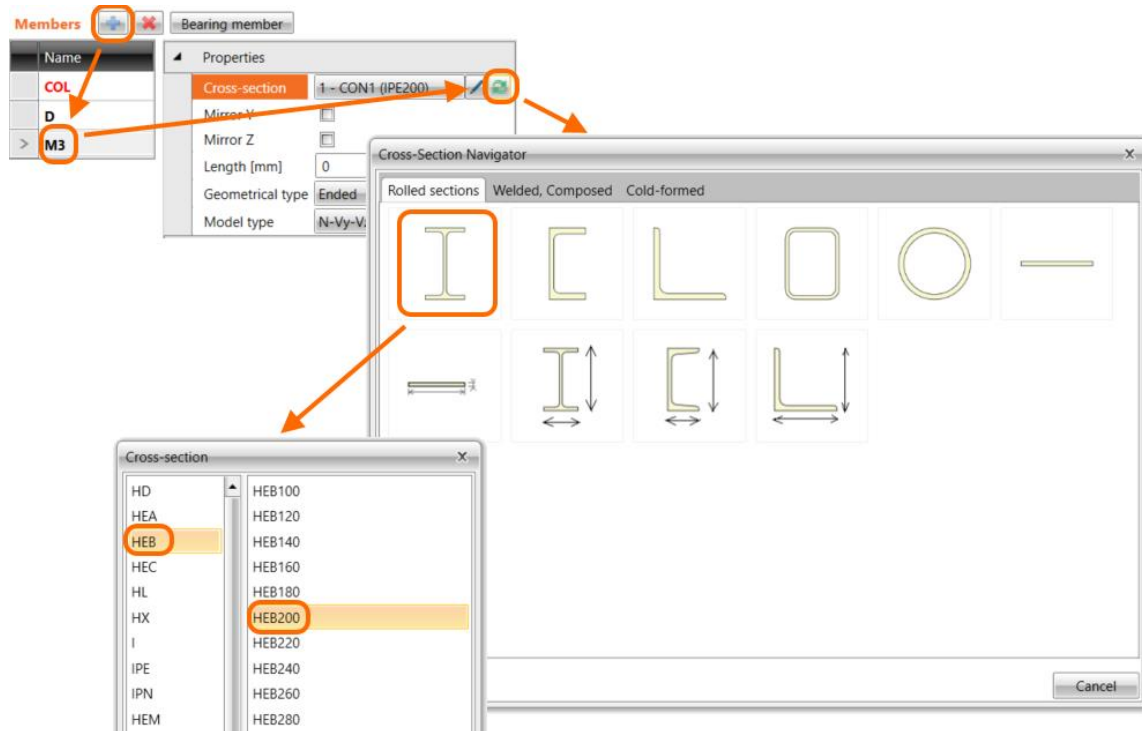
We create a new project by clicking **New**. Wizard window is opened. We select **Footring** and **Column with diagonal topology**.



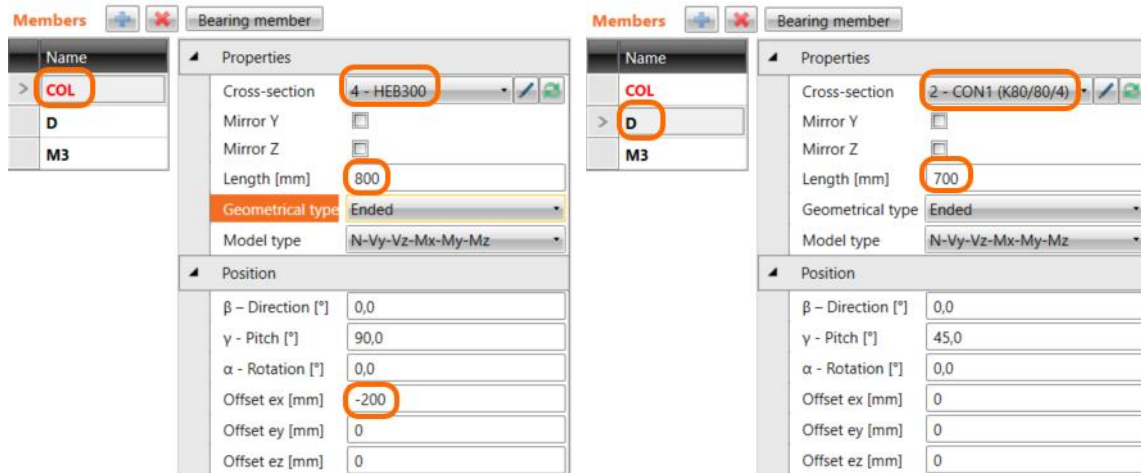


Geometry

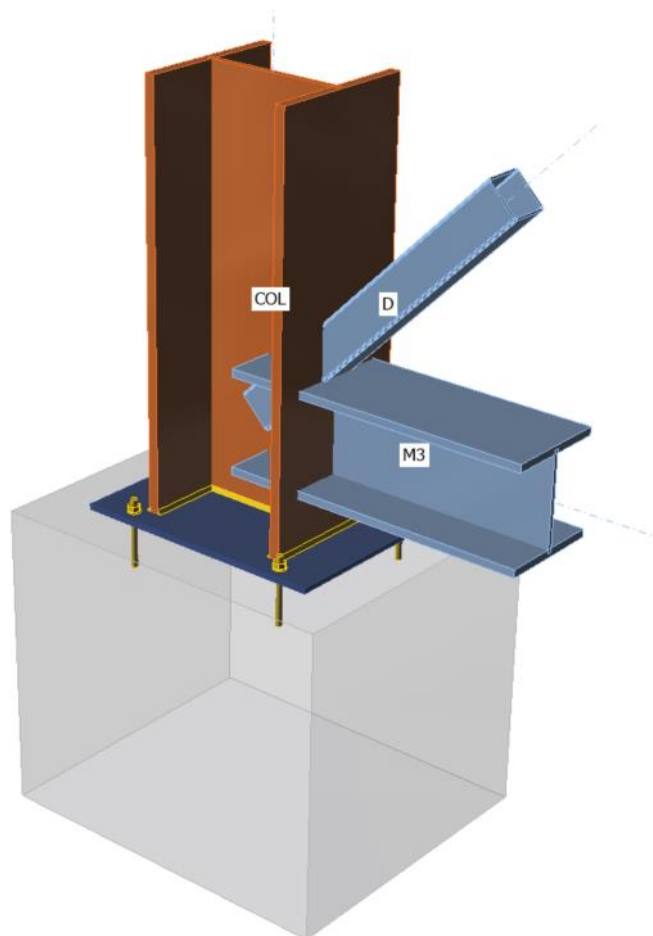
Two beams were automatically generated. We add a new beam, set its cross-section and modify some properties.

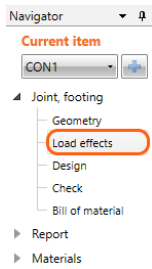


Next we modify properties of members **COL** and **D**.



Let's check defined geometry of the joint.



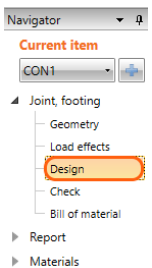


Load effects

One load effect was automatically added by the wizard. We define it by inputting values into the table. More load cases can be added.

Internal forces Clean Copy X position

Member	Position	X [mm]	N [kN]	Vy [kN]	Vz [kN]	Mx [kNm]	My [kNm]	Mz [kNm]
COL	End	0	-350,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
D	End	0	-50,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
M3	End	0	10,0	0,0	-80,0	0,0	150,0	0,0



Design

Manufacturing operation **Base plate** was added by the wizard. We just need to update some properties.

Manufacturing operations + ✖ Delete all Calculate Editor

Name	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> BP1	

Base plate

Member: COL

Material: < default >

Thickness [mm]: 20

Dimensions: To profile symmetrical

Offsets

T - Top [mm]: 120

L - Left [mm]: 120

Coordinate system: From member

Orientation: Perpendicular

Rotation [°]: 0,0

Anchors

Type: M27 10.9

Anchoring length [mm]: 400

Anchor type: Washer plate - rectangular

Size [mm]: 100

TL - Top layers [mm]: 50

LL - Left layers [mm]: 50

Shear plane in thread: ☒

Welds

Flanges: 6 mm < default >

Webs: 6 mm < default >

Foundation block

Concrete grade: C25/30


Offset [mm]: 600

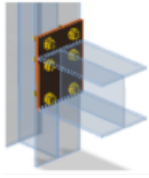
Depth [mm]: 800

Shear force transfer: Friction






Mortar joint: ☐

Thickness [mm]: 0

We will define a set of manufacturing operations to model connections between members. A new operation can be added by  button.



End plate

Manufacturing operations     

Name	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	BP1
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	EP1

End plate

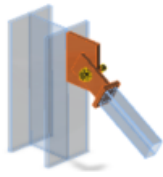
Member 1: M3
Member 2: Not specified
Type of 'Connected to': Member
Connected to: COL
Material: < default >
Thickness [mm]: 16
Connection type: Bolted
Dimensions: To profile
T - Top [mm]: 250
L - Left [mm]: 10
B - Bottom [mm]: 0
R - Right [mm]: 0
Notch: ☐

Bolts

Type: M20 10.9
TL - Top layers [mm]: -50 40 200
LL - Left layers [mm]: -30
BL - Bottom layers [mm]: -50
RL - Right layers [mm]: -30
Shear plane in thread: ☒
Shear force transfer: Bearing - tension/shear interaction

Welds

Flanges: 6 mm < default >
Webs: 6 mm < default >



Connecting plate

Manufacturing operations

	Name
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	BP1
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	EP1
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	CPL1

Connecting plate

Member: **D**

Connected to: New plate

New gusset plate

R1 Type: Member

R1 - related to: M3

R2 Type: Plate

R2 - related also to: EP1

Material: < default >

Thickness [mm]: 10

B - width [mm]: 180

H - depth [mm]: 250

Shape: Rectangular

Connection

X - position [mm]: 460

Material: < default >

Thickness [mm]: 0

Alignment: Rear

Type: Cap plate

L - plate length [mm]: 150

B - plate width [mm]: 0

E - plate excentricity [mm]: 0

Thickness of cap [mm]: 0

Cap plate offset (LL RR TT BB) [mm]: 10

Cap plate shape: Rectangle

Connection type: Bolted

Welds

Plate: 4 mm < default >

Cap plate: 4 mm < default >

Tongue: 4 mm < default >

Bolts

Type: M20 10.9

Reference line: Member x-axis

Rows [mm]: 0

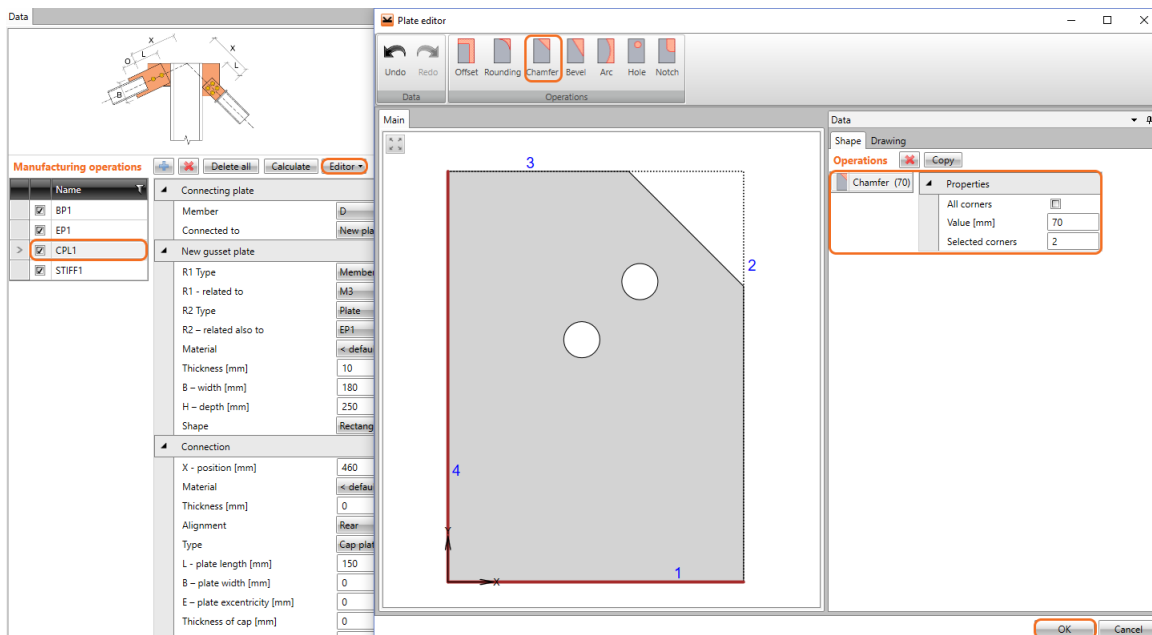
Positions [mm]: 40 50

Grid: Regular

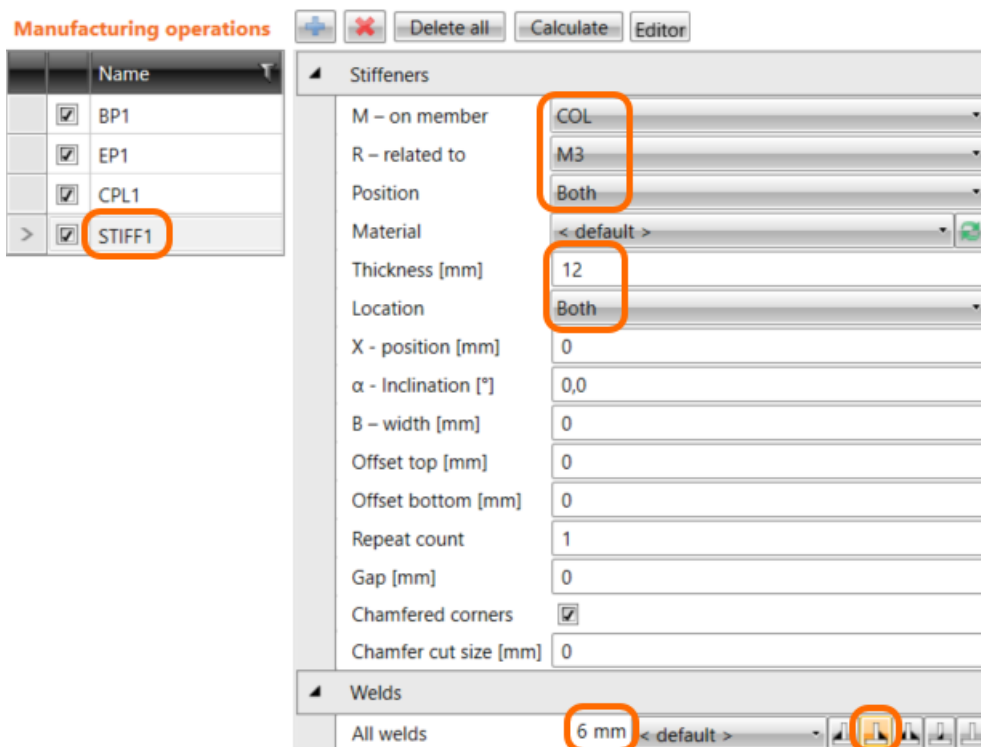
Shear plane in thread: ☒

Shear force transfer: Bearing - tension/shear interaction

Let's cut a corner in **gusset plate** in connecting plate **CPL1**. For this operation we need to go into editor – gusset plate and make a chamfer with 70mm size on corner with index 2.

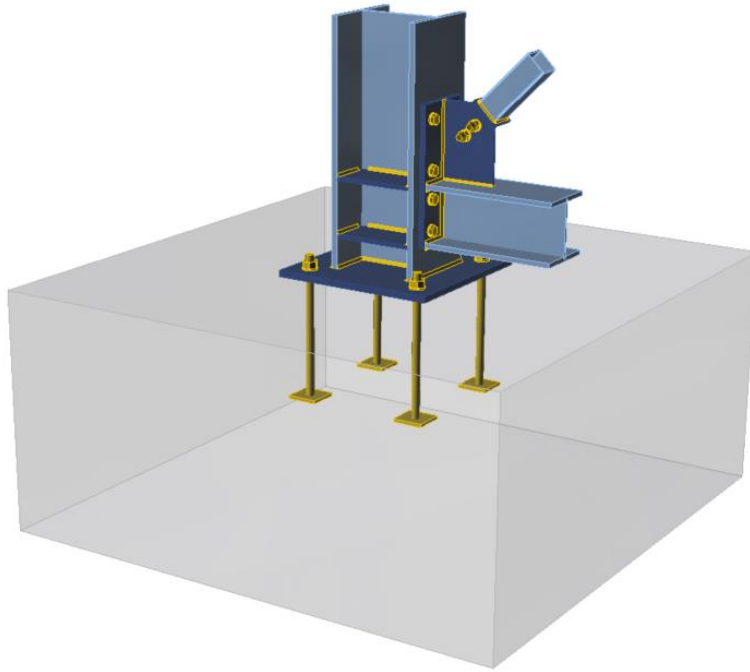


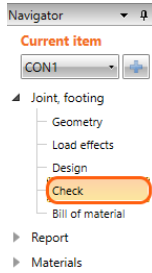
Stiffeners




Steel connection design reinvented – any topology, any loading, in minutes. Check of joint/connections acc. to EC/AISC. Unique CBFEM method. Get more resources at www.idea-rs.com and www.ideastatica.com

Let's check defined operations of the joint.

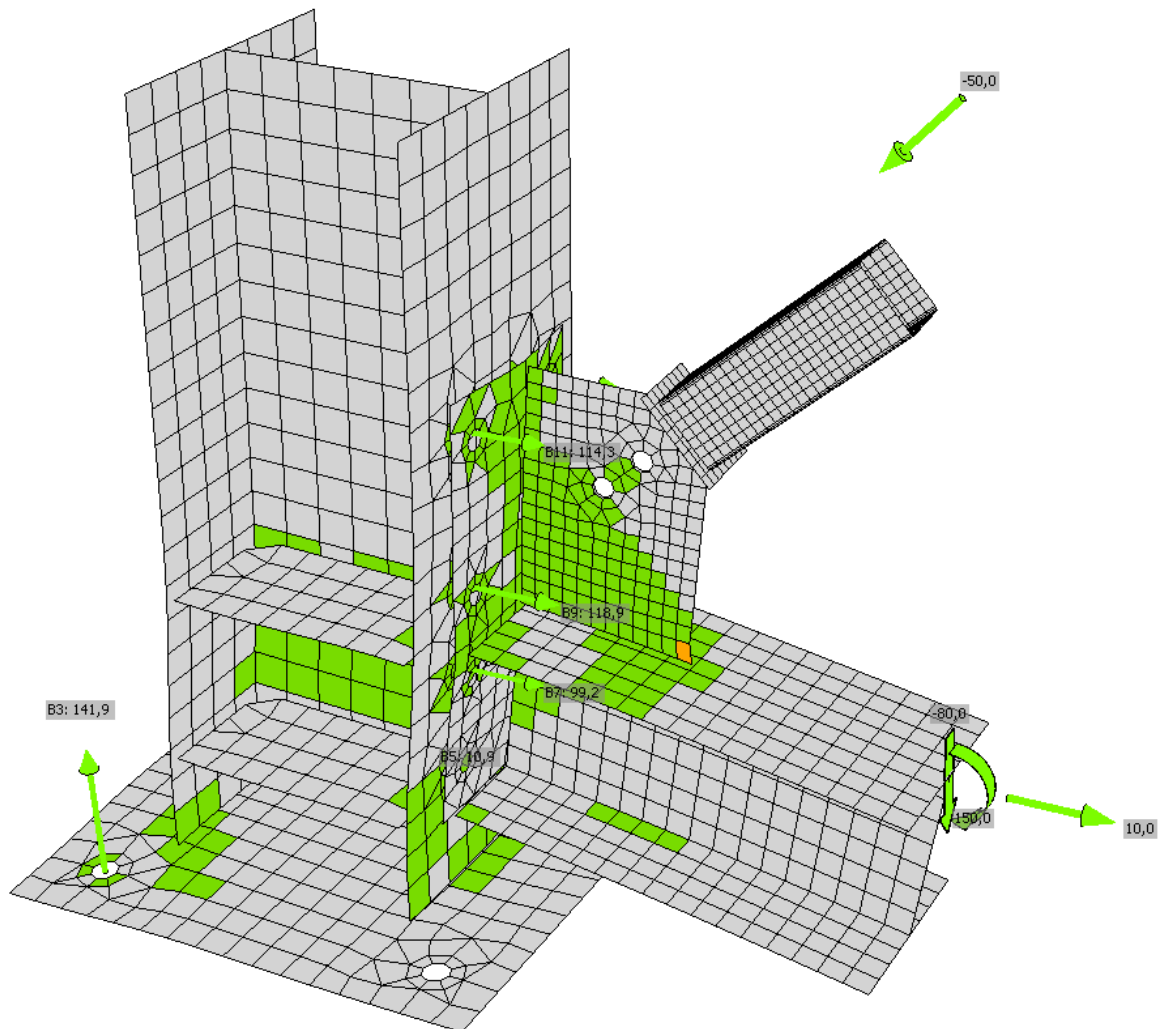




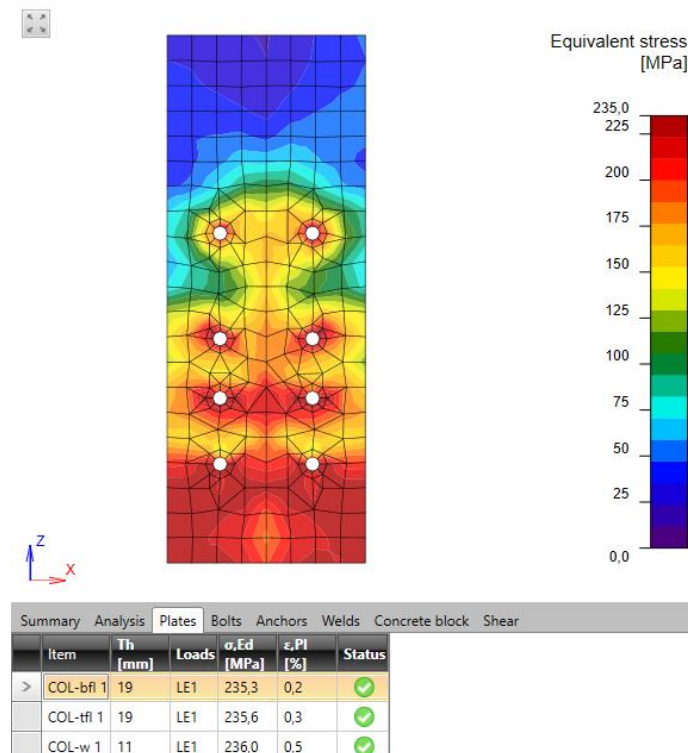
Check of a structural steel joint

Nonlinear analysis is started by icon  from the top ribbon. Analysis model is automatically generated, calculation is performed and we can check results.

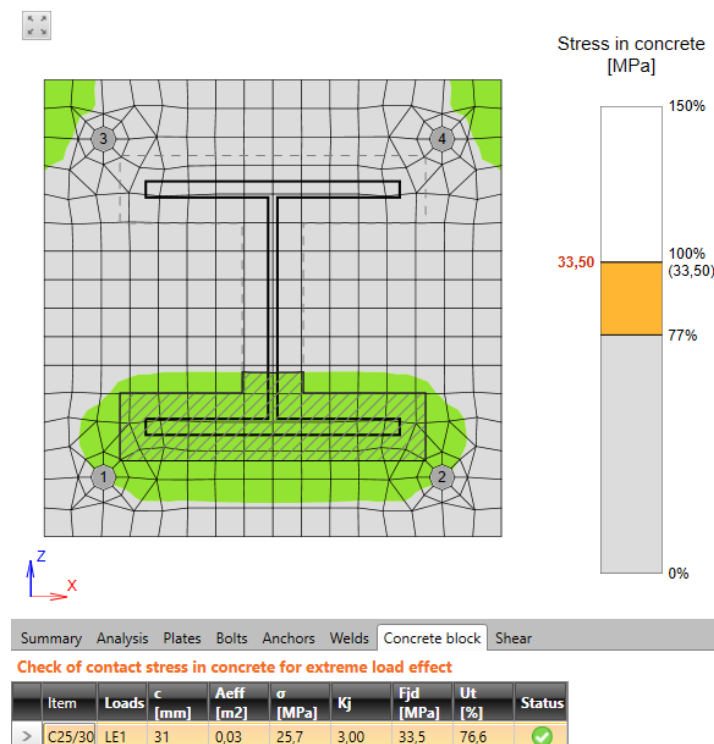
We activate **Strain check**, **Bolt forces**, **Mesh** and **Deformed** from the ribbon to get a full picture of what is happening in the joint. Everything is displayed in the 3D window.



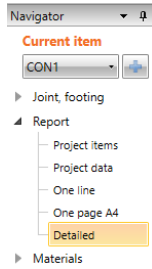
All values can be checked in detailed in the tables and 2D window. For example to display check of plates and stresses we select tab **Plates** and icon **Equivalent stress** from the ribbon.



And to see check of contact stress in concrete we select tab **Concrete block** and icon **Concrete check** from the ribbon.

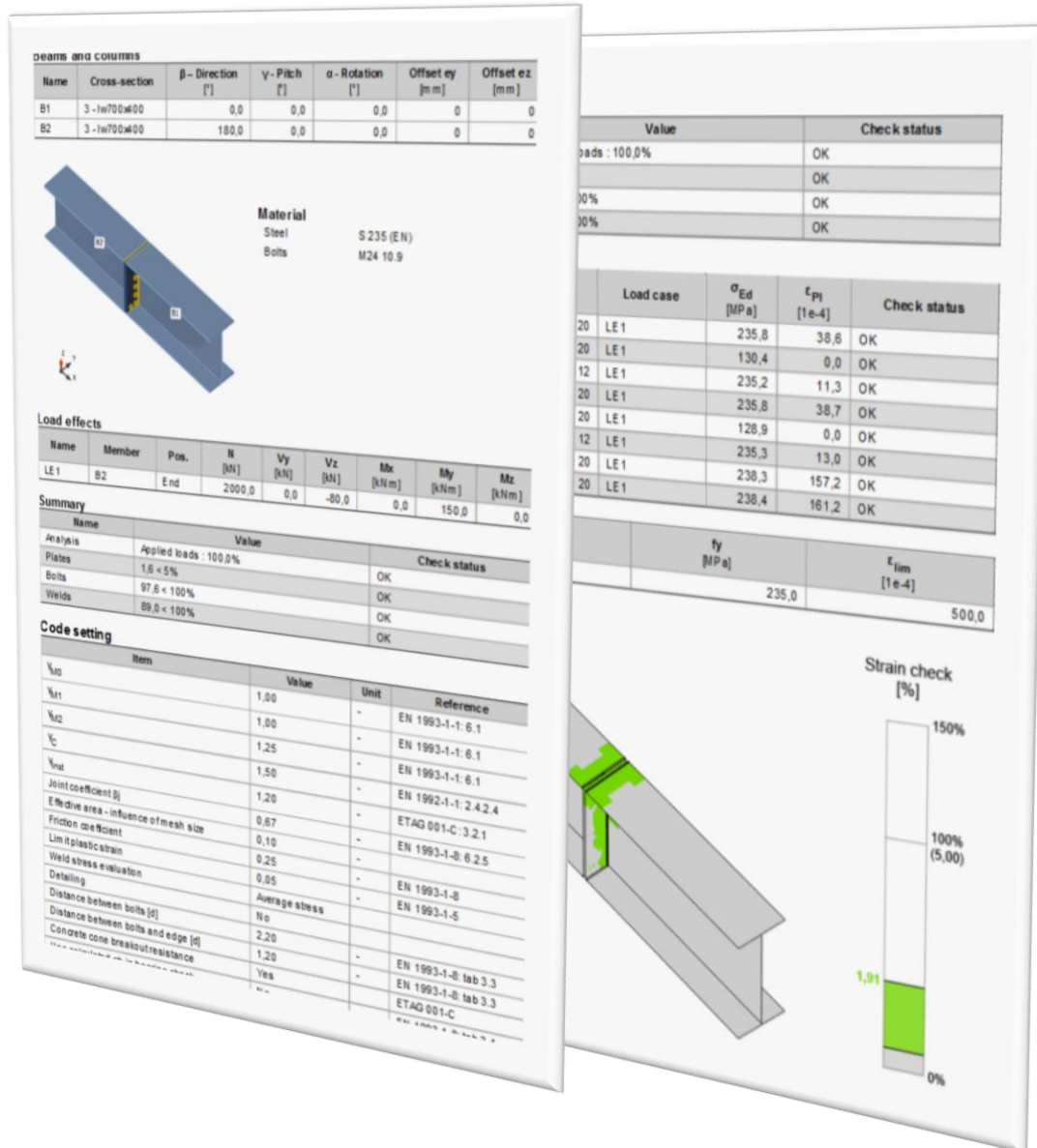


Steel connection design reinvented – any topology, any loading, in minutes. Check of joint/connections acc. to EC/AISC. Unique CBFEM method. Get more resources at www.idea-rs.com and www.ideastatica.com



Report

IDEA StatiCa offers three types of output reports – one line, 1 page and detailed.



Structural steel joint was modelled, designed and checked

Thank you for spending time on this example. For further information please visit our website or drop us an email to info@idea-rs.com.

IDEA StatiCa team

Steel connection design reinvented – any topology, any loading, in minutes. Check of joint/connections acc. to EC/AISC. Unique CBFEM method. Get more resources at www.idea-rs.com and www.ideastatica.com